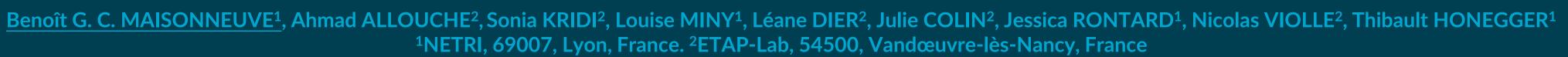
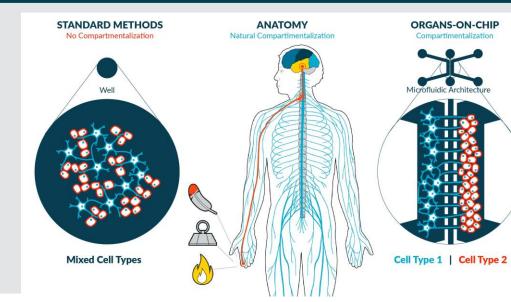
NETRI

Bio-Diamond Project: Translational Brain-on-a-Chip ETAP-Lab Models for Alzheimer's Disease Drug Discovery



BACKGROUND



Over the past decade, few molecules brought to market slowed memory and cognitive decline of Alzheimer's patients. We present here an essential first step towards the development of innovative organs-on-chip (OoC) models of Alzheimer's disease.

This innovative medium-throughput brain-on-chip platform uses:

- Compartmentalized co-culture of hiPSC derived glutamatergic and GABAergic neurons in NETRI's DuaLink MEA device,
- The addition of ETAP-Lab's oligomeric forms of amyloid- β oligomers (A β O₁₋₄₂) or Tau Oligomers (TauO).

EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN

COMPARTMENTALIZED MEA-CAPABLE OoC DEVICES.

Co-culture of hiPSCs neurons:

hiPSC-derived glutamatergic neurons (BX-0300) in Channel 1

hiPSC GABA Neurons

- hiPSC-derived GABAergic neurons (BX-0400) in Channel 3
- Oligomers and/or compounds applied in Channels 1, 2, or 3
- Response recorded in all channels and microchannels

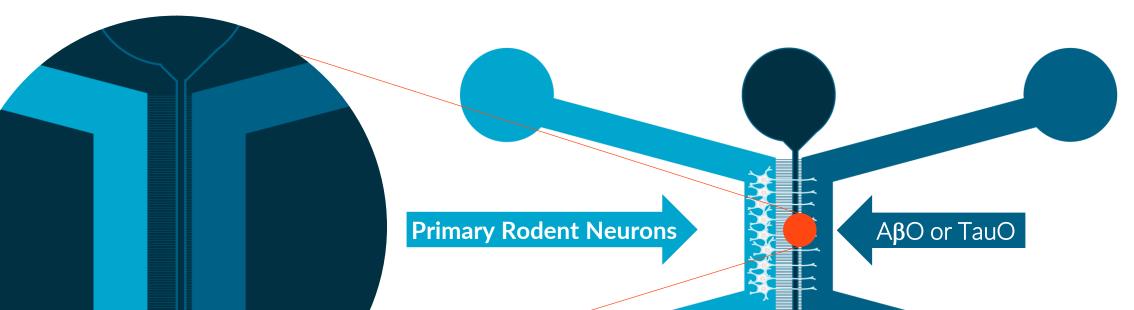
BrainXell

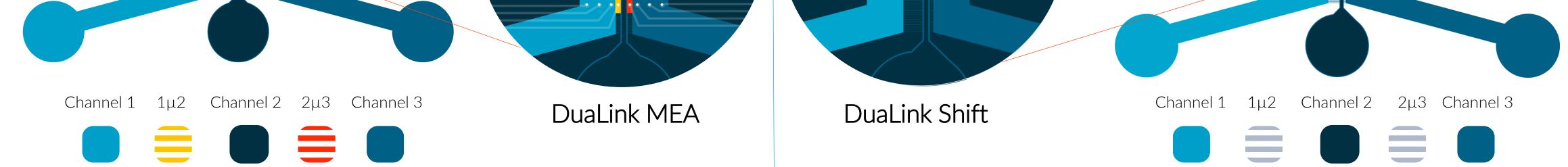


ABO-INDUCED NEURODEGENERATION

Culture of primary rodent neurons:

- Primary cortical neurons in Channel 1
- At Day 21, $A\beta O$ or TauO challenge for 4 days in Channel 3
- Response analysed in Channel 1 and Channel 3: staining β -tubulin/DAPI and imaging with Operetta CLS High Content Analysis System from REVVITY



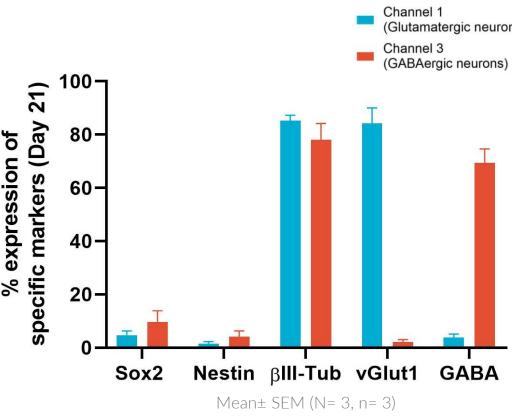


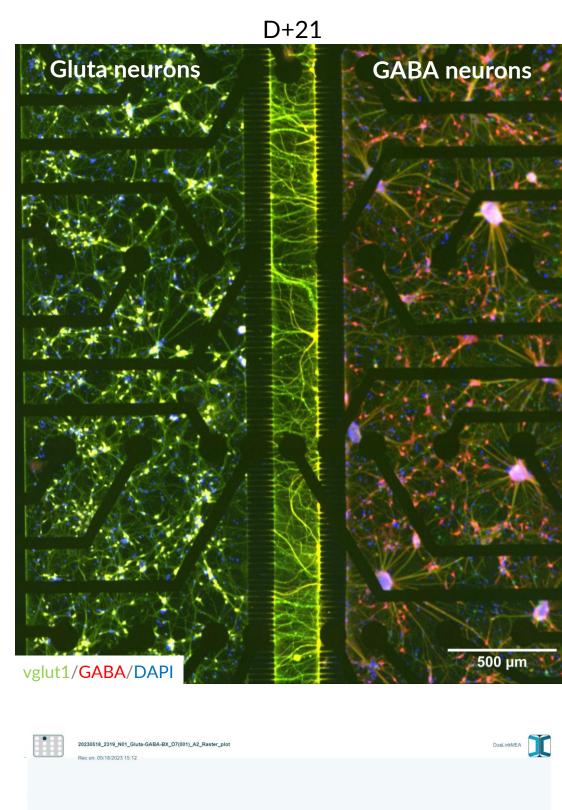
RELEVANT CELLULAR MODEL

hiPSC Gluta Neurons

Semi-automatic quantification of marker expression using NETRI's proprietary software

- >70% phenotypic markers (D+21)
- <10% pluripotency markers (D+21)

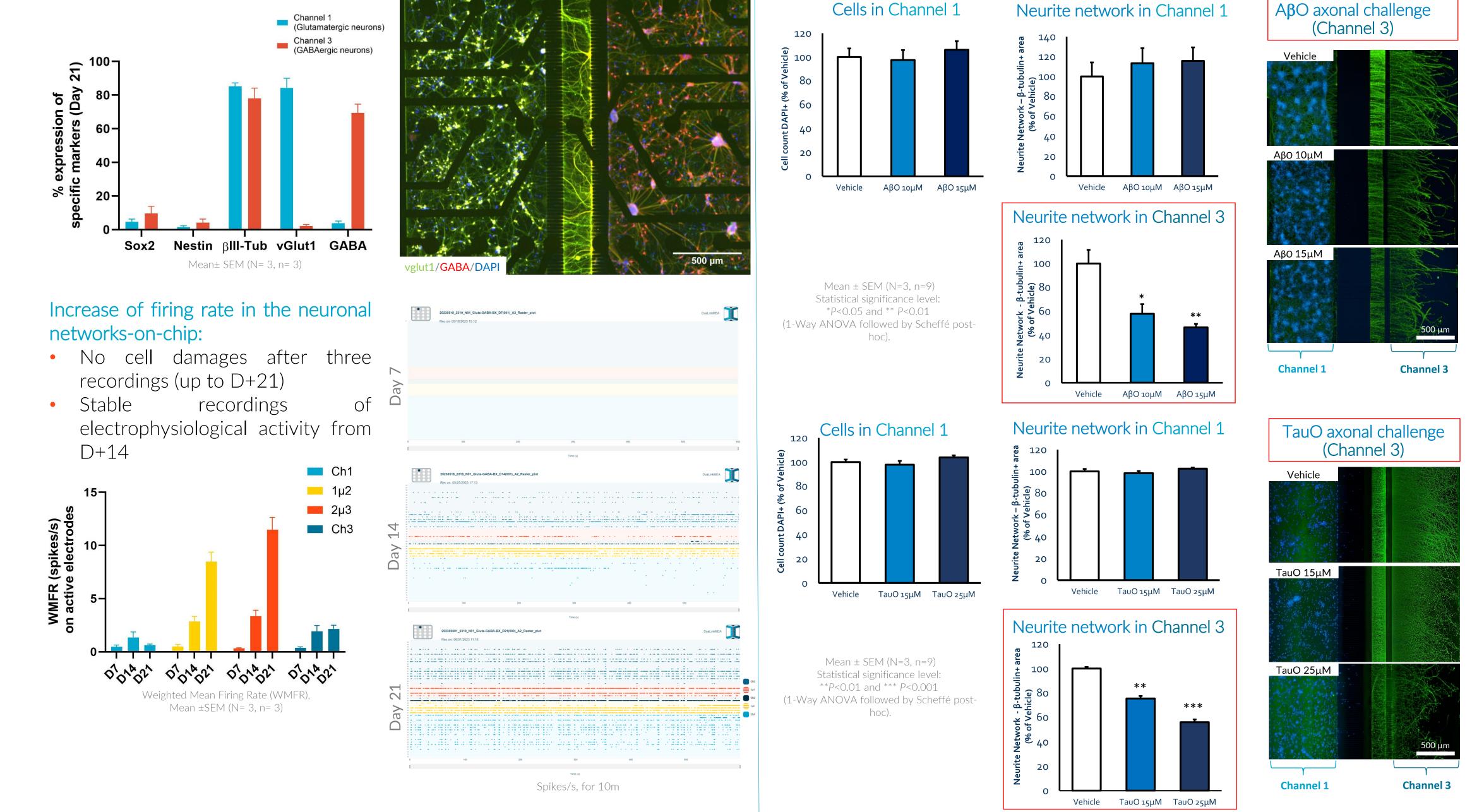




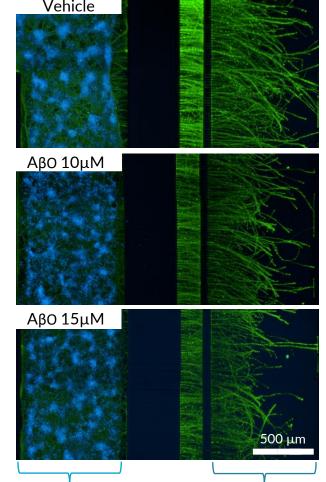
RELEVANT INJURY ALZHEIMER'S MODEL

Localized axonal degeneration

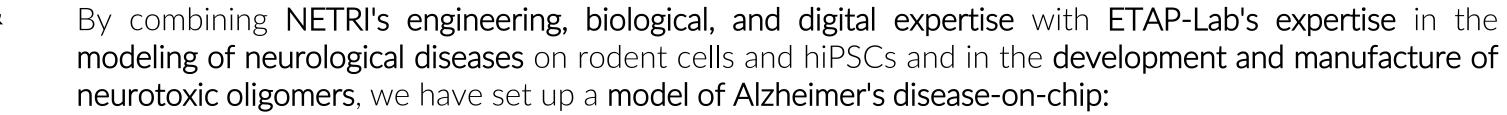
- **Axonal challenge with oligomers** (i.e., ABO or TauO) induced **axonal** degeneration in dose-dependent manner
- Soma challenge with oligomers (same doses) did not induce neurodegeneration (data not shown)
- Axons are more vulnerable for $A\beta O/TauO$ -induced neurodegeneration than soma



AβO axonal challenge



CONCLUSION & PERSPECTIVES





- Fully differentiation and maturation of human neurons on-chip
- Protocol to induce AβO or TauO injuries on-chip with rodent cells and hiPSC-derived neurons

This project is funded by the French Government with "France 2030 for the call for proposal "Innovations in biotherapies & bioproduction"

Then, we will focus on the injury model on hiPSCs and the extraction of digital signatures, using our UpLink[™] utility software, to finally add reference compounds and compounds of interest.

Our Brain-on-Chip platform will offer pharmaceutical companies and researchers a new model for preclinical studies, enabling them to reproduce complex neuropathological phenomena finely.

